

UNIVAC® CP-667 COMPUTER

REPERTOIRE OF INSTRUCTIONS

f001	Right SHift•Q	Shift (Q) Right by Y
f002	Right SHift• A	Shift (A) Right by Y
f003	Right SHift•AQ	Shift (AQ) Right by Y
*f004	COMPARE•A _i •Q _j •AQ	Sense (j); A _i = A _f
f005	Left SHift•Q	Shift (Q) Left by Y
f006	Left SHift• A	Shift (A) Left by Y
f007	Left SHift•AQ	Shift (AQ) Left by Y
f010	ENTER•Q	Y → Q
f010	CLear•Q	Y=0, Y → Q
f011	ENTER• A	Y → A
f011	CLear• A	Y=0, Y → A
^f012	ENTER•B ⁿ	Y → B ⁿ
^f012	CLear•B ⁿ	Y=0, Y → B ⁿ
f012	NO-Operation	Enter B ⁰ with 0 (do nothing operation)
^f013k0	EXternal-COMmand•C ⁿ •W(Y)•MONITOR	(Y) → C ^j ; (interrupt at 000500+j)
^f013k1	EXternal-COMmand•C ⁿ •W(Y)•MONFORCE	Y → C ^j ; (interrupt at 000500+j) for use on CP642A equipment
^f013k2	EXternal-COMmand•C ⁿ •W(Y)	(Y) → C ^j
^f013k3	EXternal-COMmand•C ⁿ •W(Y)•FORCE	(Y) → C ^j ; (to be used on all CP642A/USQ-20 peripheral equipment)
f014	SToRe•Q	(Q) → Y
f014	Complement•Q	When Y is Q; then Q' → Q
f015	SToRe• A	(A) → Y
^f016	SToRe•B ⁿ	(B) ^j → Y
f016	CLear• Y	Zero → Y
^f017k0	Jump• Y• C ⁿ • COMACTIVE	Jump to Y if external command buffer active
^f017k1	Jump• L(Y)• C ⁿ • COMACTIVE	Jump to L(Y) if external command buffer active
^f017k3	SToRe• C ⁿ • W(Y)	000520+j → (Y)
^f017k2	SToRe• C ⁿ • W(Y)• FORCE	Force C ^j → (Y) (abnormal test mode)
f020	ADD• A	(A)+Y → A
f021	SUBtract• A	(A)-Y → A
f022	MULtiply• Q	(Q)Y → AQ
f023	DIVIDE• AQ	(AQ)/Y → Q; R → A _f
*f023k7	SQUare Root•Q	$\sqrt{ Q }$ → Q; remainder → A
f024	RePLace•A-Y	(A)+(Y) → Y&A
f025	RePLace• A-Y	(A)-(Y) → Y&A
*f026	ADD• Q	(Q)+Y → Q
*f027	SUBtract• Q	(Q)-Y → Q
f030	ENTER• Y-Q	Y+Q → A
f031	ENTER• Y-Q	Y-Q → A
f032	SToRe• A+Q	(A)+(Q) → Y&A
f033	SToRe• A-Q	(A)-(Q) → Y&A
f034	RePLace• Y+Q	(Y)+(Q) → Y&A
f035	RePLace• Y-Q	(Y)-(Q) → Y&A
f036	RePLace• Y+1	(Y)+1 → Y&A
f037	RePLace• Y-1	(Y)-1 → Y&A
f040	ENTER• LP	L[Y(Q)] → A
f041	ADD• LP	L[Y(Q)] + (A) → A
f042	SUBtract• LP	(A)-L[Y(Q)] → A
f043	COMpare• MASK	A-L[Y(Q)] sense (j), A+L[Y(Q)]; (A) _i =(A) _f
f044	RePLace• LP	L(Y(Q)) → Y&A
f045	RePLace• A+LP	L(Y(Q)+A) → Y&A
f046	RePLace• A-LP	(A)-L(Y(Q)) → Y&A

f047	SToRe•LP	L(A)(Q) → Y; (A) _j = (A) _f
f050	SElective•SET	Set (A) _n for Y _n = 1
f051	SElective•Complement	COMPLEMENT (A) _n for Y _n =1
f051k4	Complement•A	When Y is 777777, then A' → A
f052	SElective•Clear	Clear (A) _n for Y _n =1
f053	SElective•Substitute	Y _n → (A) _n for (Q) _n =1
f054	Replace SElective•SET	Set (A) _n for (Y) _n =1, → Y&A
f055	Replace SElective•CP	COMPLEMENT (A) _n for (Y) _n =1 → Y&A
f056	Replace SElective•CL	Clear (A) _n for (Y) _n =1 → Y&A
f057	Replace SElective•SU	(Y) _n → (A) _n for (Q) _n =1, → Y
*f060	JumP (arithmetic)	Jump to Y if special j-condition is satisfied
~f060J1	Remove Interrupt Lockout JumP•Y	RIL; jump to Y
*f061	JumP (manual)	Jump to Y if special j-condition is satisfied
*f062	JumP (if C ⁿ has ACTIVE INput buffer)	Jump to Y if C ⁿ input buffer active
~f063	JumP (if C ⁿ has ACTIVE OUTput buffer)	Jump to Y if C ⁿ output buffer active
*f064	Return JumP (arithmetic)	Jump to Y+1 and P-1 → Y ₁ if j-condition is satisfied (see JP&RJP j-Designators)
*f065	Return JumP (manual)	Terminates input buffer on C ⁿ
~f066	TERMinate•C ⁿ •INPUT	RIL on all internal channels and all external channels not locked out by SIL-EX
~f066k1	Remove Interrupt Lockout•ALL	RIL for external interrupts on all channels
~f066k2	Remove Interrupt Lockout-EXTERNAL•ALL	RIL for external interrupts on C ⁿ
~f066k3	Remove Interrupt Lockout-External•C ⁿ	Sets external and internal lockout on all channels
~f066k1b1	Set Interrupt Lockout•ALL	Sets external interrupt lockout on all channels
~f066k2b1	Set Interrupt Lockout-External•ALL	Sets external interrupt lockout on C ⁿ
~f066k3b1	Set Interrupt Lockout-External•C ⁿ	Terminates output buffer on C ⁿ
*f067	TERMINATE•C ⁿ •OUTPUT	Terminates external command buffer on C ⁿ
~f067k1	TERMinate•C ⁿ •COMmand	Terminates ALL buffers
~f067k2	TERMinate•ALL	Execute N Y times (B) ^j =Y, skip NI and clear (B) ^j ; (B) ^j ≠Y, advance B ^j and read NI
*f071	BSKip•B ⁿ	(B) ^j =0, read NI; (B) ^j ≠0, (B) ^j -1 and jump to address Y
*f072	BJumP•B ⁿ	Buffer IN on C ⁿ ; buffer control word → 000100↑ Buffer OUT on C ⁿ ; buffer control address → 000120↑
*f073	INPut•C ⁿ (without monitor mode)	Buffer IN on C ⁿ ; (Y) → (000140↑)
*f074	OUTput•C ⁿ (without monitor mode)	Buffer OUT on C ⁿ ; with monitor; buffer control word → 00100↑; monitor interrupt address → (000040↑)
*f074k2	EXternal-COMmand-MultiWord•C ⁿ •W(Y)	Buffer IN on C ⁿ with monitor; buffer control word → 00100↑; monitor interrupt address → (000040↑)
*f075	INPut•C ⁿ (with MONITOR mode)	Buffer OUT on C ⁿ with monitor; buffer control address → 000120↑; monitor interrupt address → (000060↑)
*f076	OUTput•C ⁿ (with MONITOR mode)	Buffer OUT on C ⁿ ; interrupt at → (000500↑)
*f076k2	EXternal-COMmand-MultiWord•C ⁿ •W(Y)•MONITOR	

* j-DESIGNATORS

j	COM•A•Q, •AQ	COM•AQ	AD•Q, SUB•Q	SQRT	MANUAL	RPT
	104	f104	f26 f27	f23 k7	f61 f65	f70
0	(no skip)	(no skip)	(no skip)	(no skip)	(no mod.)	CODE
1	(uncond. skip)	(uncond. skip)	(skip)	SKIP	SKIP	ORIGIN
2	YLESS; $\underline{Y} \leq (\underline{Q})$		APOS	REMainder	Y _{n+1} = Y	DESTINATION
3	YMORE; $\underline{Y} > (\underline{Q})$		ANEG	NORMainder	Y _{n+1} = Y(N(B))	
4	YIN; $(\underline{Q}) \geq \underline{Y} > A$		QZERO	STOP	Y _{n+1} = Y	
5	YOUT; $(\underline{Q}) < \underline{Y}$ or $\underline{Y} \leq A$		QNOT zero	STOP5	Y _{n+1} = Y+N(B ⁵)	
6	YLESS; $\underline{Y} \leq (A)$		QPOS	STOP6	Y _{n+1} = Y+N	
7	YMORE; $\underline{Y} > (A)$		QNEG	BACKR	Y _{n+1} = Y-N	
10			AZERO	STOP7	Y _{n+1} = Y(N(B))	
11			ANOT zero	TMOVE	Y _{n+1} = Z+(B ⁶) _L	
12			AQZERO	MOVE	Y _{n+1} = Z+(B ⁶) _L + N(B ⁶) _U	
13			AQNOTzero			
14			OF			
15			NOOF			

NORMAL DESIGNATORS

LEGEND

M - Memory word (36 bits)
 M_U - Upper half memory word
 M_L - Lower half memory word

NORMAL DESIGNATORS

j	ARITHMETIC (on * or ^)	JP f60 f64	RJP f64			
0	(no skip)	(No jump)				
1	SKIP	(uncond. jump)				
2	QPOS*	QPOS				
3	QNEG**	QNEG	X	- Sign bit extended		
4	AZERO	AZERO	Cpl	- Complement		
5	ANOT zero	ANOT zero	A	- A-register		
6	APOS	APOS	Q	- Q-register		
7	ANEQ	ANEQ				
10	QZERO	QZERO				
11	QNOT zero	QNOT zero				
12	AQZERO	AQZERO				
13	AQNOT zero	AQNOT zero				
14	OF					
15	NOOF					

Z=Y Without B-Register Modification

* EVEN parity used for RPL•LP&ENT•LP
 **ODD parity used for RPL•LP&ENT•LP

* NO Over Flow used for DIV*NQ
 *Over Flow used for DIV*NQ

f109k3	ADD•FP	(A) + Y → A, Residue → Q
f102k3	SUBtract•FP	(A) - Y → A, Residue → Q
f103	ENTer eXtended•Q	Y → Q, sign bit extended through A
f103	CLear•AQ	Y = 0; Y → Q, sign Bit (0) → A
*f104k3	COMpare•AQ	(AQ)-(Y+1, Y) sense (j), (AQ+Y+1, Y), (AQ) _j =(AQ) _f
f105k3	PACK•FP	Mantissa (AQ)+ characteristic (Y) → A
f106k3	UNPACK•FP	(A) → mantissa → A & characteristic → Y
f107k3	NORMalize•AQ	Shift (AQ) left until A34 ≠ A35, number of shifts → Y
f110	USE•REG	Activates register group Y, contents of A&Q of Y register group → A&Q
f111k3	ENTER•AQ	Y + 1 → A, Y → Q
^f112	ENTER•UB ⁿ	Y → B _u ^j
^f112	CLear•UB ⁿ	Y=0; Y → B _u ^j
f113	ENTER•Subtractive Real Time Clock	Y → (000240)
f114	SToRe•REG	(A) & (Q) → Active Register Group A & Q
f115k3	SToRe•AQ	Memory Addresses
f115k4	Complement•AQ	(A) → Y+1, Q → Y
^f116	SToRe•UB ⁿ	AQ _i → AQ
f117k0	ENABLE•FP-ROUND	(B) _u ^j → Y
f117k1	DISABLE•FP-ROUND	Reinitiate rounding of the mantissa
f120k3	ADD•AQ	Suspend rounding of the mantissa
f121k3	SUBtract•AQ	(AQ)+(Y+1, Y) → AQ
f122k3	MULTiply•FP	(AQ)-(Y+1, Y) → AQ
f123k3	DIVide•FP	(A) · Y → A, Residue → Q
^f124	TRANSfer•[Y] + B ^b •[Y] + B ^j	(A)/Y → A; R → Q _f
f130	ENABLE•CORE-LOCK	[Y + B ^b] → [Y + B ^j] Y → memory lock out register (see manual for format)
^f160	Load B & JumP•B ⁿ	P+1 address → B ^j , jump to Y
f166b0	ENABLE•EXternal Synchronizing Interrupt	Enable interrupts
f166b1	DISABLE•EXternal Synchronizing Interrupt	Disable interrupts
^f171	Multiple BSKip•B ⁿ	(B) _u ^j Y, Skip NI, (B) _u ^j =(B) _u ^j _f ; B ^j < Y, advance B ^j by (B) _u ^j and execute NI
^f172	ADD•B ⁿ	(B) _u ^j + Y → B ^j
^f173	SUBtract•B ⁿ	(B) _u ^j - Y → B ^j
^f125	EXecute Remote Instruction	Executes instruction located in memory as specified by Y

* Special j designator

^ j designators specify a b register, channel, or sub-function

Y The operand; Y or (Y)

(i) is the indirect indicator, i.e., ENT•A•W(i) (CAT)

A line under a number indicates that it is binary (i.e., 005 = 0000101 in binary)

Channel numbers and b registers are specified in octal.

The whole of a memory location (W) or a constant must be defined when used with instructions whose k designator is restricted to 3.